

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

TFF020015

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : TRI-FLOW® Superior Foaming Lubricant with PTFE

**Product code** : TFF020015

**Other means of identification** : Not available.

**Product type** : Aerosol.

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Tri-Flow Industrial Group  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2917  
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: 877-487-4356  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : AEROSOLS - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 15.5% (oral), 15.5% (dermal), 15.5% (inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.  
Suspected of causing cancer.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 10/11/2025 **Date of previous issue** : 7/30/2025

TFF020015 TRI-FLOW® Superior Foaming Lubricant with PTFE

**Version** : 21.01 1/16

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Storage** : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 122 °F/50 °C.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
- Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.
- Hazards identified when used** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	≥25 - ≤50	64742-52-5
Paraffin Oil	≥25 - ≤50	64742-62-7
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
Coconut Oil Diethanolamide	≤5	68603-42-9
Heavy Paraffinic Oil	≤3	64742-65-0
Amyl Acetate	≤3	628-63-7
Diethanolamine	<1	111-42-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
**Skin contact** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  
**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.  
**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.  
**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Remark** : Flammable aerosol.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil	64742-52-5	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] A4.</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable fraction. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]</b> TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Paraffin Oil	64742-62-7	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] A4.</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable fraction. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]</b> TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Propane	74-98-6	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)</b> Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b> TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Butane	106-97-8	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butane]</b> Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> TWA 10 hours: 800 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Coconut Oil Diethanolamide	68603-42-9	None.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Heavy Paraffinic Oil	64742-65-0	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)</b> <b>[Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined]</b> A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable fraction. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [OIL MIST MINERAL]</b> TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Mist. <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Oil mist, mineral]</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Amyl Acetate	628-63-7	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Pentyl acetate]</b> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)</b> TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)</b> A3. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)</b> TWA 10 hours: 3 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Normal propane	74-98-6	<b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024)</b> Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm.
Butane	106-97-8	<b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases, Alkane [C1-C4]]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Butane]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Heavy Paraffinic Oil	64742-65-0	<p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) [butane, all isomers]</b> Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Butane, All isomers]</b> Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> TWA EV 8 hours: 800 ppm. TWA EV 8 hours: 1900 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined)]</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Inhalable particulate matter..</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Oil]</b> OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Mist. OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Mist.</p>
Normal amyl acetate	628-63-7	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Pentyl acetate]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) [pentyl acetate, all isomers]</b> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Pentyl acetate, All isomers]</b> TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [pentyl acetates]</b> STEV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA EV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)</b> OEL 8 hours: 266 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 532 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. OEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.</p>
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	<p><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)</b> Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024)</b> Carc 2B. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)</b> Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapour..</p> <p><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)</b> C3. Absorbed through skin. TWA EV 8 hours: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Form: inhalable fraction and vapour.</p>



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)

Absorbed through skin.  
OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Heavy Paraffinic Oil	64742-65-0	<b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016)</b> <b>[Aceite mineral puro, alta y muy alta refinación, nieblas, except fluidos de corte de metal] A4.</b> TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . Form: mist.

### Biological exposure indices (United States)

No exposure indices known.

### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

### Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Clear.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 0.42 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability** : Flammable aerosol.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 1.1%  
Upper: 9.5%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)
- Relative vapor density** : 1.55 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.79
- Density** : 0.79 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.
- Aerosol product**
- Type of aerosol** : Spray
- Heat of combustion** : 34.656 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### **Product/ingredient name**

Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil

Butane

Heavy Paraffinic Oil

##### **Result**

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

**Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor**

658000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours]

**Rabbit - Dermal - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

**Rat - Oral - LD50**

>5000 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

##### **Product/ingredient name**

Heavy Naphthenic Petroleum Oil

Coconut Oil Diethanolamide

Diethanolamine

##### **Result**

**Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 300 uL

**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

##### **Product/ingredient name**

##### **Result**

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Coconut Oil Diethanolamide

**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Diethanolamine

**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

**Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant**

Amount/concentration applied: 5500 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

### **Skin**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### **Respiratory**

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Coconut Oil Diethanolamide	-	2B	-
Diethanolamine	-	2B	-

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Product/ingredient name**

Diethanolamine

**Result**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

### Aspiration hazard

**Product/ingredient name**

Heavy Paraffinic Oil

**Result**

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
<b>Skin contact</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Butane Diethanolamine	N/A 500	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	658 N/A	N/A N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

#### Product/ingredient name

#### Result

Amyl Acetate

#### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Western mosquitofish - *Gambusia affinis* - Adult  
65 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Diethanolamine

#### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia pulex*  
2150 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

#### Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Bluegill - *Lepomis macrochirus*  
775 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

#### Acute - EC50

Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum capricornutum*  
2.1 mg/l [4 days]

Effect: Population

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/Water partition coefficient** : Not available.






### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

	<b>DOT Classification</b>	<b>TDG Classification</b>	<b>Mexico Classification</b>	<b>IATA</b>	<b>IMDG</b>
<b>UN number</b>	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
<b>Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-  <b>ERG No.</b> 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).  <b>ERG No.</b> 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	-  <b>ERG No.</b> 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	-  Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	<b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.

**Special precautions for user** : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

## Section 14. Transport information

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** :

[California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

[International regulations](#)

[Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

[Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

**International lists**

: **Australia inventory (AIIIC)**: Not determined.  
**China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.  
**Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.  
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.  
**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.  
**Thailand inventory**: Not determined.  
**Turkey inventory**: Not determined.  
**Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

[Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

Health	*	3
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		3

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

[Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

Classification	Justification
AEROSOLS - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	On basis of test data Calculation method

[History](#)

**Date of printing** : 10/11/2025

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 10/11/2025

**Date of previous issue** : 7/30/2025

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**Version** : 21.01 15/16

TFF020015 TRI-FLOW® Superior Foaming Lubricant with PTFE

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US



## Section 16. Other information

**Version** : 21.01

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.